

mssp

CONCURRENT
TECHNOLOGIES



Secure Intel Processor Boards



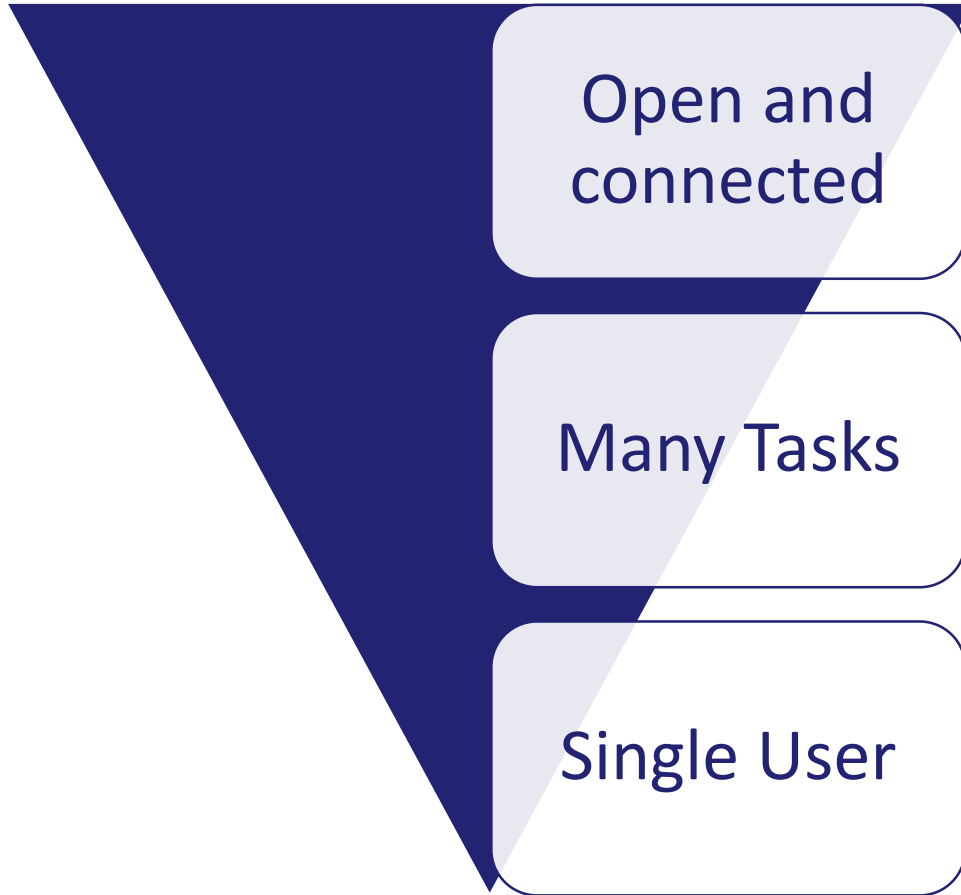
🔗 Security has always been a big issue for Defense Applications



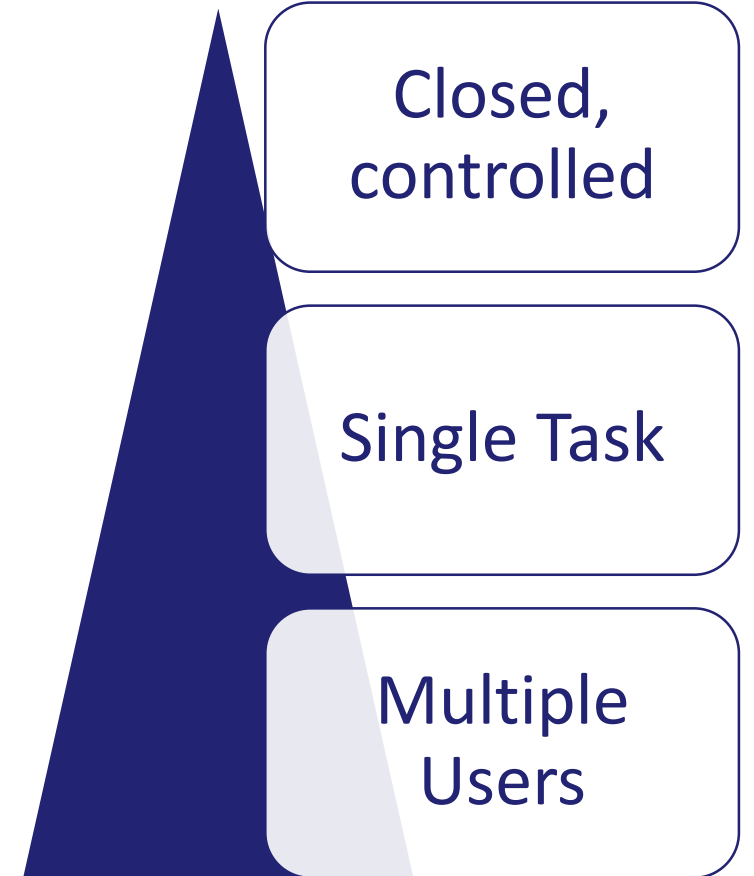
🔗 Recently, other industries have become more security conscious



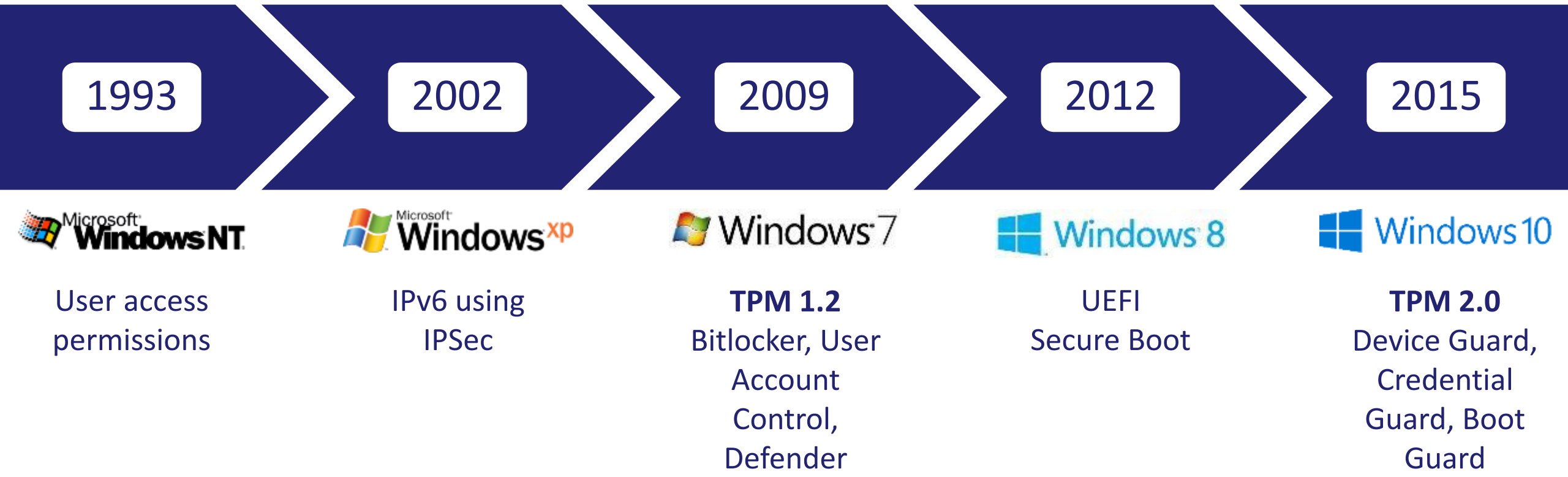
Consumer Use



Embedded Use



Embedded users can leverage some consumer technologies

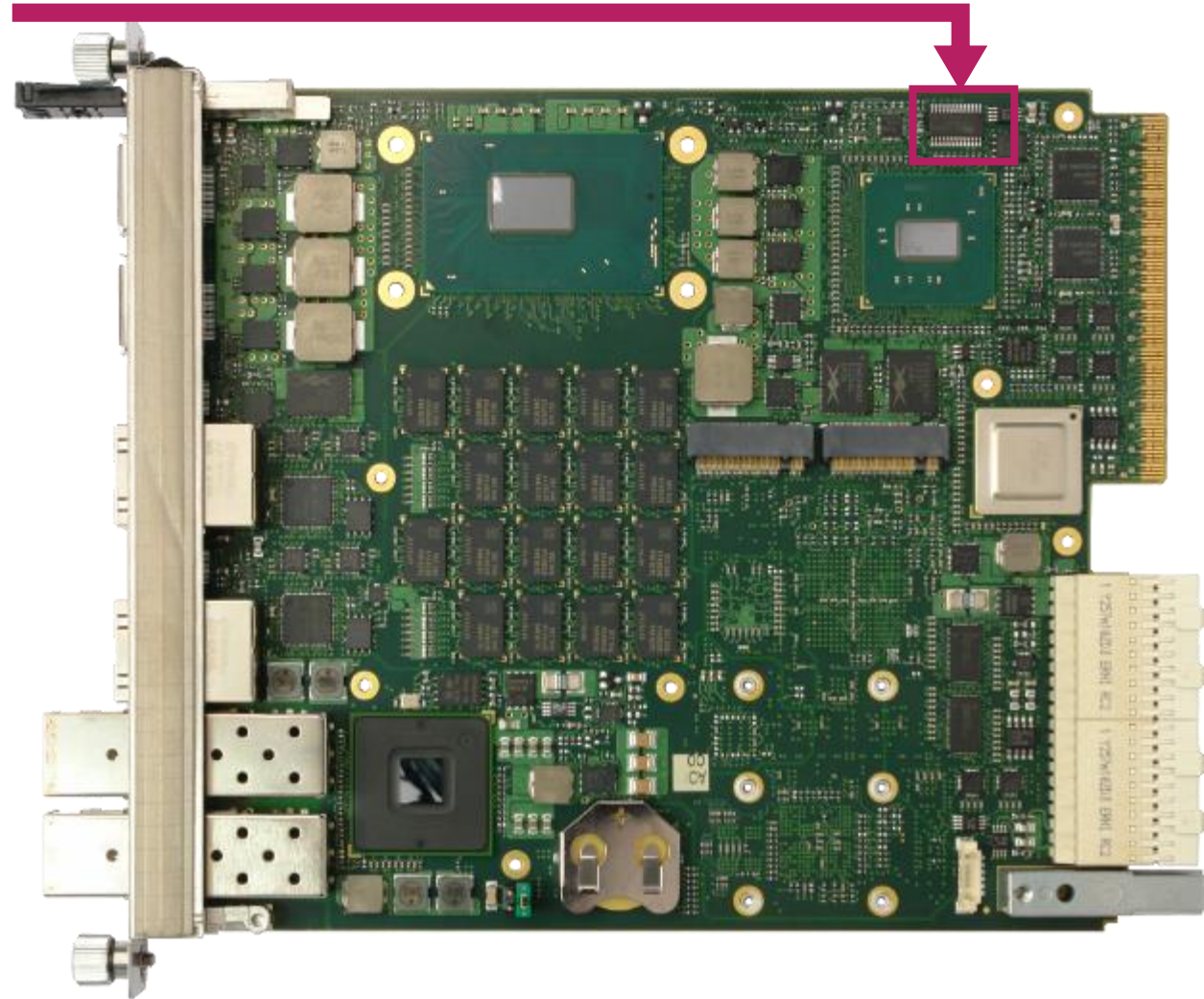


 TPM – Trusted Platform Module

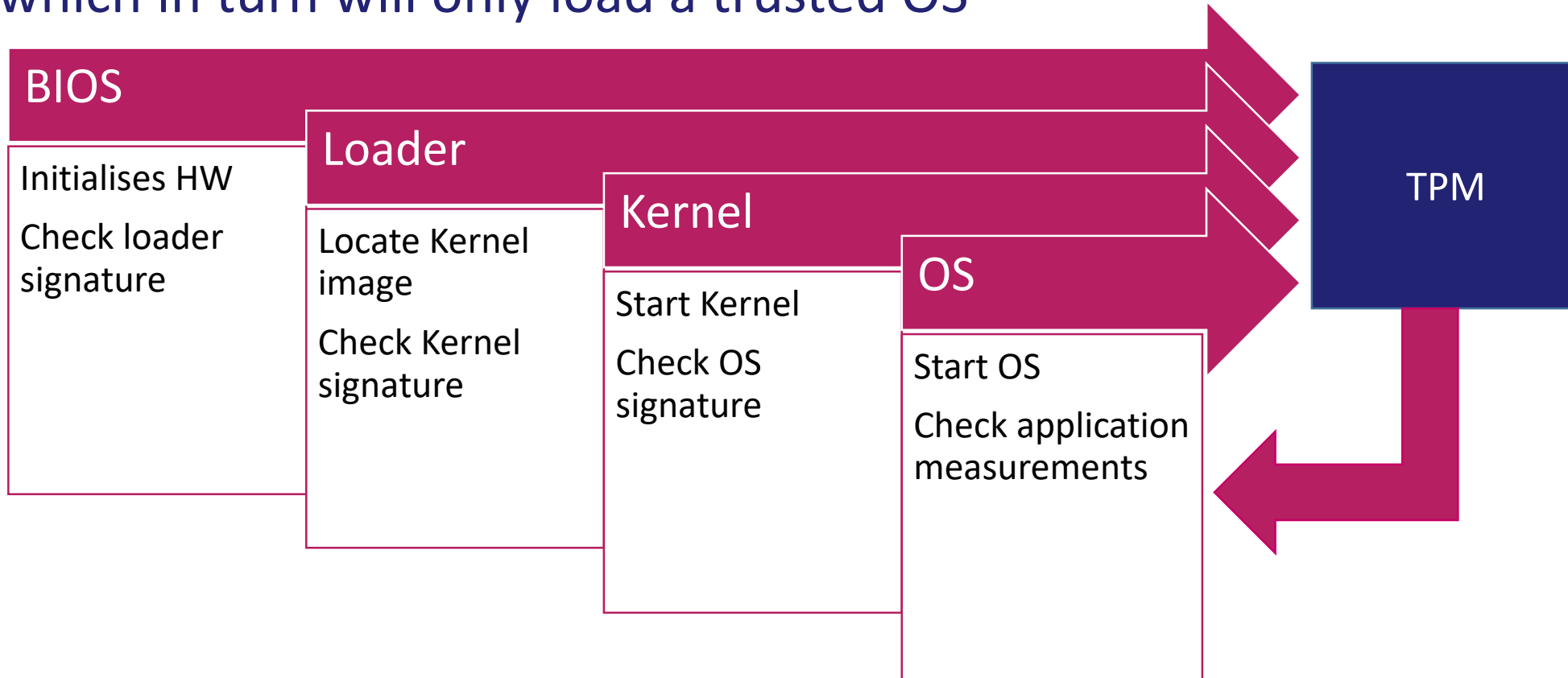
❧ A tamper-resistant integrated circuit

❧ Enables:

- ❧ Cryptographic key generation
- ❧ Safe storage of small amounts of sensitive information, such as passwords and cryptographic keys
- ❧ Generation of random numbers



- ❧ The TPM can record hashes that measure the images for later validation
- ❧ Secure Boot only loads trusted (signed) operating system bootloaders, which in turn will only load a trusted OS

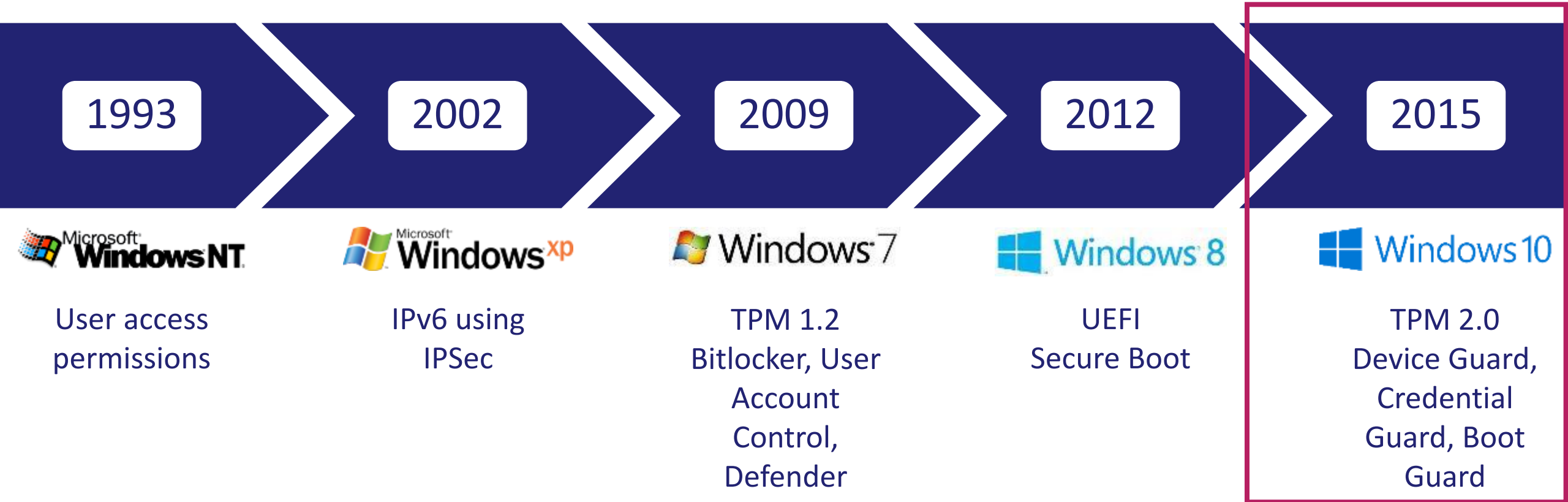


- ❧ Microsoft® Credential Guard prevents against ‘credential creep’ in large organizations:
 - ❧ User credentials are isolated from the operating system kernel using virtualization and TPM measurements
- ❧ Intel® Boot Guard is a hardware based scheme that prevents boot block takeover



- ❧ Support for additional cryptographic algorithms, i.e. SHA256, SHA384, SHA512, and SM3_256
 - ❧ Enhancements to the availability of the TPM to applications
 - ❧ Enhanced authorization mechanisms
 - ❧ Simplified TPM management
- ❧ All new boards from Concurrent Technologies come with TPM 2.0 and it is now an option on boards announced since 2014



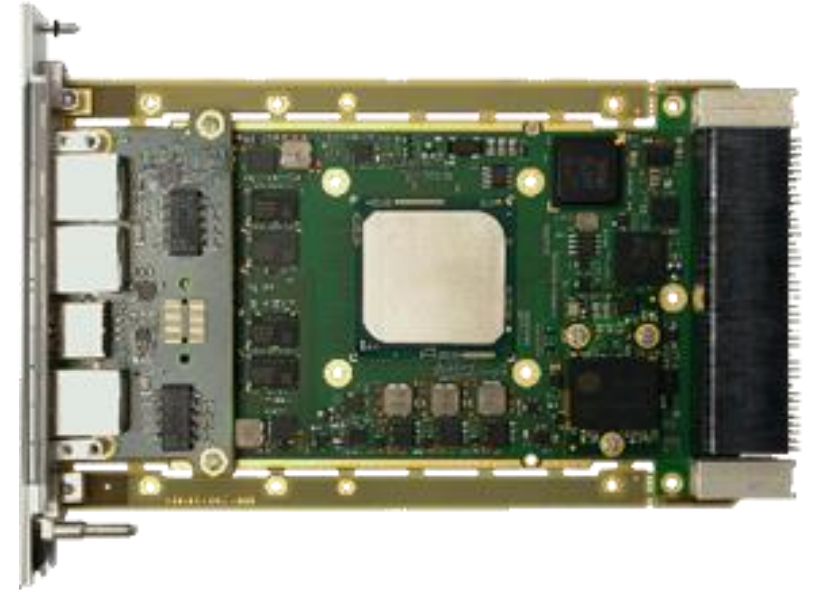


What if you can't use the latest OS?

- ❧ Run a legacy OS and application in a Virtual Machine
- ❧ Can utilize native hypervisor or OS based
- ❧ Has an impact on real time performance
- ❧ Boot method more secure but legacy OS and application concerns

Virtual Machine

Hypervisor



🔗 Guardian Security Package



- 🔗 Available since 2012
- 🔗 Processor boards are available with the option of additional hardware, firmware and software components for holistic security



Preventing unauthorized use:

-  To prevent an unauthorized person from interfering with or operating the equipment

Preventing unauthorized access:

-  To prevent an unauthorized person from gaining access to sensitive data when they have access to the equipment
-  To prevent a person with legitimate access to the hardware from gaining access to sensitive data

Allowing sensitive data to be purged on-demand:

-  To ensure that all sensitive data can be deleted rendering the hardware inoperable or returning it to the original factory configuration

- Physical intrusion
- Booting from non-secure sources
- Accessing classified data
- Retrieving sensitive Intellectual Property
- Modifying non-volatile memory
- Executing non-trusted software
- Unauthorized modification of system configuration
- Bypassing low level firmware
- Reverse engineering

Board is configured:

-  Enables extensive testing without lock activating

Security Lock enabled:

-  A breach of any selected measure will lock a board permanently
-  Boards are suitable for deployment

Remove from Service:

-  Sanitization option to scrub and securely erase devices

- ❧ Improved security has now (finally) become more important to many customers than backwards compatibility:
 - ❧ TPM 2.0 and Windows 10
 - ❧ Secure Boot
 - ❧ Boot Guard
- ❧ Even tightly controlled, closed solutions need security options
- ❧ Be flexible - one solution doesn't fit every customer
- ❧ Nothing is 100% secure

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Thanks for listening

